

Globe Trade Centre S.A.

**Report on application of the principles of corporate governance
for the financial year ended 31 December 2018**

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Part 1. The principles of corporate governance which the issuer is subject to and the location where the set of principles is publicly available

In July 2007, the Council of the Warsaw Stock Exchange adopted a set of principles for the corporate governance for joint-stock companies issuing shares, convertible bonds, or senior bonds that are admitted to trading on the stock exchange (the “**WSE Best Practices**”). The WSE Best Practices have been amended several times since then and were brought in line with recent legislative amendments, current international corporate governance trends, and the expectations of market participants. The last amendment took place on 13 October 2015, when the Warsaw Stock Exchange supervisory board adopted resolution approving a new code of corporate governance “Best Practice of GPW Listed Companies 2016” which came to force as at 1 January 2016 and is a base for this report on application of the principles of corporate governance for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

The content of the WSE Best Practices is publicly available on the website of the Warsaw Stock Exchange dedicated to those issues at <https://www.gpw.pl/best-practice>.

Part 2. The principles of corporate governance that the issuer has waived, including the reasons for such waiver

We strive to make every possible effort to employ the corporate governance principles set out in the WSE Best Practices, and try to follow, in all areas of the Company’s business, all the recommendations regarding best practices of Warsaw Stock Exchange Listed Companies and all the recommendations directed to management boards, supervisory boards and shareholders.

Additionally, so as to implement a transparent and effective information policy the Company provides fast and safe access to information for shareholders, analysts and investors, employing both traditional and modern, technologies of publishing information about the Company to the greatest extent possible.

In the year ended 31 December 2018 the Company did comply with all principles of the WSE Best Practices.

Part 3. The principal characteristics of the internal control and risk management systems used with respect to the procedure of preparing financial statements and consolidated financial statements

The management board is responsible for the Company’s internal control system and its effectiveness in the process of preparing financial statements and interim reports prepared and published in accordance with the provisions of the Decree of the Finance Minister of 29 March 2018 on current and interim information provided by issuers of securities and the conditions for accepting, as equivalent, information required by the provisions of a country not being a member state.

The Company draws on its employees’ extensive experience in the identification, documentation, recording and controlling of economic operations, including numerous control procedures supported by modern information technologies used for the recording, processing and presentation of operational and financial data.

In order to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the accounts of the parent and subsidiary companies, the Company applies a series of internal procedures in the area of transactional control systems and processes resulting from the activities of the Company and the capital group.

An important element of the risk management, in relation to the financial reporting process, is ongoing internal controls exercised by main accountants on the holding and subsidiaries level.

The budgetary control system is based on monthly and annual financial and operational reporting. Financial results are monitored regularly.

One of the basic elements of control in the preparation of financial statements of the Company and the Group is verification carried out by independent auditors. An auditor is chosen from a group of reputable firms which guarantee a high standard of service and independence. The supervisory board approves the choice of the auditor. The tasks of the independent auditor include, in particular: a review of semi-annual stand-alone and consolidated financial statements and audit of annual stand-alone and consolidated financial statements.

An auditor's independence is fundamental to ensuring the accuracy of an audit of books. An audit committee, appointed to the Company's supervisory board, supervises the financial reporting process in the Company, in co-operation with the independent auditor, who participates in the audit committee meetings. The audit committee oversees the financial reporting process, in order to ensure sustainability, transparency and integrity of financial information. The audit committee includes one member of the supervisory board who meets the independence criteria set out in the Best Practices of WSE Listed Companies. The audit committee reports to the supervisory board.

Moreover, under Article 4a of the Act of 29 September 1994 on accounting, the duties of the supervisory board include ensuring that the financial statements and the report of the Company's operations meet the requirements of the law, and the supervisory board carries out this duty, using the powers under the law and the articles of association of the Company. This is yet another level of control exercised by an independent body to ensure the accuracy and reliability of the information presented in the separate and consolidated financial statements.

Part 4. Shareholders who, directly or indirectly, have substantial shareholding, including the number of shares held by them, the percentage share in the share capital, and the number of votes attached to their shares in the overall number of votes at the general meeting

The following table presents the Company's shareholders, who had no less than 5% of votes at the Ordinary Shareholders Meeting of GTC S.A., as of the date of 31 December 2018. The table is prepared based on information received directly from the shareholders.

Shareholder	Number of shares and rights to the shares held (not in thousand)	% of share capital	Number of votes (not in thousand)	% of votes
GTC Dutch Holdings B.V. ¹	298,575,091	61.75%	298,575,091	61.75%
OFE PZU Złota Jesień	50,985,513	10.54%	50,985,513	10.54%
AVIVA OFE Aviva BZ WBK	36,619,774	7.57%	36,619,774	7.57%
Other shareholders	97,356,618	20.14%	97,356,618	20.14%
Total	483,536,996	100.00%	483,536,996	100.00%

¹ GTC Dutch Holdings B.V. is 100% subsidiary of LSREF III GTC Investments B.V. and is related to Lone Star Real Estate Partners III L.P.

In May 2018, the Company's shareholders adopted a resolution regarding distribution of dividend in the amount of PLN 0.33 per share and allowing the Company's shareholders to elect to receive the dividend in the form of

newly issued shares or in cash depending on shareholders preferences. As a result in June 2018, the Company issued 13,233,492 series M Shares to its shareholders who chose the dividend in the form of shares.

On 30 July 2018, the Company received three notifications of change of shareholding in the Company from Lone Star Real Estate Partners III, L.P., LSREF III GTC Investments B.V., and a wholly-owned subsidiary of the latter, GTC Dutch Holdings B.V. Pursuant to the notifications on 24 July 2018 LSREF III GTC Investments B.V. contributed 298,575,091 shares in the Company (constituting 61.75% of the Company's share capital and entitling its holder to 61.75% of votes at the Company's general meeting) in kind to its wholly-owned (100%) subsidiary, GTC Dutch Holdings B.V., in exchange for newly-issued shares in GTC Dutch Holdings B.V., thus decreasing its direct shareholding in the Company to zero.

On 16 October 2018, the Company received a notification from Powszechne Towarzystwo Emerytalne PZU SA (PTE PZU S.A.) acting on behalf of Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny PZU "Złota Jesień" (OFE PZU) that in connection with the completion of the liquidation of Pekao Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny (Pekao OFE), resulting in the transfer of all assets of Pekao OFE to OFE PZU and PZU's contribution to all rights and obligations of Pekao OFE, the previously held share of OFE PZU in the total number of votes in Globe Trade Center S.A increased on this day to 50,985,513 (10.54% of votes).

Part 5. Holders of any securities that grant special rights of control, including a description of such rights

There are no special rights of control that would be attached to any securities in Globe Trade Centre S.A.

Part 6. Restrictions concerning the exercise of voting rights, such as restriction of the exercise of voting rights by holders of any specific part or number of votes, time restrictions concerning the exercise of voting rights or regulations whereunder, with the co-operation of the company, the equity rights related to the securities are separate from holding securities

There are no restrictions applicable to the exercise of voting rights such as restriction of the exercise of voting rights by holders of any specific part or number of shares, any time restrictions applicable to the exercise of voting rights or regulations whereunder, with the co-operation of Globe Trade Centre S.A., the equity rights related to securities would be separate from holding securities.

Part 7. Restrictions concerning transfer of the ownership title to securities in Globe Trade Centre S.A.

There are no limitations of transfer of ownership title to securities, except for those limitations that are resulting from the general provisions of the law, in particular contractual limitations regarding the transfer of the ownership rights to the securities issued by the Company.

Part 8. Rules concerning the appointment and dismissal of management and the rights thereof, specifically the right to make decisions concerning the issuance and redemption of shares.

Pursuant to Art. 10 the Company's statute the management board consist of one to seven members, appointed by the supervisory board for a three-year term.

Additionally, the supervisory board designates the president of the management board and deputy thereof.

The management board of the Company is responsible for the Company's day-to-day management and for its representation in dealing with third parties. All issues related to the Company's operations are in the scope of

activities of the management board, unless they are specified as the competence of the supervisory board or the general meeting by the provisions of applicable law or the articles of association.

Members of the management board participate, in particular, in general meetings and provide answers to questions asked during general meetings. Moreover, members of the management board invited to a supervisory board meeting by the chairman of the supervisory board participate in such meeting, with a right to voice their opinion on issues on the agenda.

The general meeting takes decisions regarding the issuance or buying back of shares in the Company. The competencies of the management board in the scope are limited to execution of any resolutions adopted by the general meeting.

Part 9. Overview of the procedure of amending the Company's articles of association

A change to the Company's articles of association require a resolution of the general meeting and an entry into the Court register. The general provisions of law and the articles of association govern the procedure of adopting resolutions regarding changes to the articles of association.

Part 10. The bylaws of the general meeting and its principal rights and description of rights of shareholders and their exercise, in particular the rules resulting from the bylaws of the general meeting, unless information on that scope results directly from the provisions of law

The general meeting acts pursuant to the provisions of the Polish Commercial Companies Code and the articles of association.

The general meeting adopts resolutions regarding, in particular, the following issues:

- a) discussion and approval of reports of the management board and the financial statements for the previous year,
- b) decision about allocation of profits or covering of debts,
- c) signing off for the performance of duties for the supervisory board and the management board,
- d) determination of the supervisory board remuneration,
- e) changes to the articles of association of the Company,
- g) increase or decrease in the share capital,
- h) merger or transformation of the Company,
- i) dissolution or liquidation of the Company,
- j) issuance of bonds,
- k) sale or lease of the Company and the establishment of a right of use or sale of the Company's enterprise,

- l) all decisions regarding claims for damages upon establishment of the Company, or the performance of management or supervision.

A general meeting can be attended by persons who are shareholders of the Company sixteen days before the date of the general meeting (the day of registration for participation in the general meeting).

A shareholder who is natural person is entitled to participate in general meetings and execute voting rights in person or through a proxy. A shareholder which is a legal entity is entitled to participate in general meetings and execute voting rights through a person authorized to forward statements of will on their behalf or through a proxy.

A power of attorney to attend a general meeting and exercise voting rights must be in written or electronic form. For the purposes of identification of the shareholder who granted the power of attorney, a notice on the granting of such power of attorney electronically should contain (as a schedule):

- if the shareholder is an individual, a copy of an identity card, passport or any other official identification document confirming the identity of the shareholder; or
- if the shareholder is not an individual, a copy of an extract from a relevant register or any other document confirming the authorisation of the individual(s) to represent the shareholder at the general meeting (e.g. an uninterrupted chain of powers of attorney).

The general meeting may be attended by members of the management board and supervisory board (in a composition which allows for substantive answers to the questions asked during the general meeting) and by the auditor of the Company, if the general meeting is held to discuss financial matters.

At the general meeting each participant is entitled to be elected the chairman of the general meeting, and also nominate one person as a candidate for the position of chairman of the general meeting. Until election of the chairman the general meeting may not take any decisions.

The chairman of the general meeting directs proceedings in accordance with the agreed agenda, provisions of law, the articles of association, and, in particular: gives the floor to speakers, orders votes and announces the results thereof. The chairman ensures efficient proceedings and respecting of the rights and interests of all shareholders.

After the creation and signing of the attendance list, the chairman confirms that the general meeting has been called in the correct manner and is authorized to pass resolutions.

The chairman of the general meeting closes the general meeting upon the exhausting of its agenda.

Part 11. Personnel composition and changes in the previous business year and description of the functioning of the management, supervisory, or administrative bodies of the Company and its committees.

The management board

Currently, the management board is composed of two members. During 2018, there was no change in the composition of the management board.

Composition of the management board

The following table presents the names, surnames, functions, dates of appointment and dates of expiry of the current term of the members of the management board as at 31 December 2018:

<u>Name and surname</u>	<u>Function</u>	<u>Year of first appointment</u>	<u>Year of appointment for the current term</u>	<u>Year of expiry of term</u>
Thomas Kurzmann	President of the management board	2014	2017	2020
Erez Boniel	Member of the management board	1997	2018	2021

Description of operations of the management board

The management board runs the Company's business in a transparent and efficient way pursuant to the provisions of applicable law, its internal provisions and the "Best Practices of WSE Listed Companies". When taking decisions related to the Company's business, the members of the management board act within limits of justified business risk.

The two members of management board acting jointly are entitled to make representations on the Company's behalf.

All issues related to the management of the Company which are not specified by the provisions of applicable law or the articles of association as competences of the supervisory board or the general meeting are within the scope of competence of the management board.

Members of the management board participate in sessions of the general meeting and provide substantive answers to questions asked during the general meeting. Members of the management board invited to a meeting of the supervisory board by the chairman of the supervisory board participate in such meeting with the right to take the floor regarding issues on the agenda. Members of the management board are required to, within their scope of competence and the scope necessary to settle issues discussed by the supervisory board, submit explanations and information regarding the Company's business to the participants of a meeting of the supervisory board.

The management board makes any decisions considered (by the management board) to be important for the company by passing resolutions at meetings thereof. Such resolutions are passed by simple majority.

Moreover, the management board may adopt resolutions in writing or via a manner enabling instantaneous communication between the members of the management board by means of audio-video communication (e.g. teleconferencing, videoconferencing, etc).

The supervisory board

The composition of the supervisory board

As of 31 December 2018, the supervisory board comprises nine members. The following table presents the names, surnames, functions, dates of appointment and dates of expiry of the current term of the members of the supervisory board as at 31 December 2018:

Name and surname	Function	Year of first appointment	Year of appointment for the current term	Year of expiry of term
Alexander Hesse	Chairman of the supervisory board	2013	2018	2021
Olivier Brahin	Member of the supervisory board	2013	2018	2021
Jan-Christoph Düdden	Member of the supervisory board	2014	2018	2021
Mariusz Grendowicz	Member of the supervisory board	2000	2016	2019
Patrick Haerle	Member of the supervisory board	2018	2018	2021
Ryszard Koper ¹	Independent member of the supervisory board	2016	2016	2019
Marcin Murawski ¹	Independent member of the supervisory board	2013	2016	2019
Katharina Schade	Member of the supervisory board	2013	2018	2021
Ryszard Wawryniewicz	Member of the supervisory board	2017	2018	2021

¹ conforms with the independence criteria listed in the Best Practices of WSE Listed Companies.

Between 16 May 2014 - 22 February 2018 Mr Olivier Brahin was not a member of the supervisory board of the Company.

Between 11 July 2018 - 28 October 2018 Mr. Ryszard Wawryniewicz was not a member of the supervisory board of the Company.

During 2018, the following changes in the composition of the supervisory board took place:

- On 23 February 2018, the GTC Dutch Holdings B.V appointed Mr. Olivier Brahin as a member of the supervisory board of the Company, effective immediately (see current report no 2/2018);
- on 11 July 2018, the mandates of Mr. Ryszard Wawryniewicz as a Supervisory Board expired pursuant to Article 9 point 2 of the Company's Articles of Association (see current report no 16/2018);
- on 30 July 2018, the mandate of Mr. Alexander Hesse, Mr. Olivier Brahin, Mrs. Katharina Schade, MR. Philippe Couturier and Mr. Jan-Christoph Düdden as a Supervisory Board expired pursuant to Article 9 point 2 of the Company's Articles of Association (see current report no 21/2018);
- on 30 July 2018, the GTC Dutch Holdings B.V appointed Mr. Alexander Hesse, Mr. Olivier Brahin, Mrs. Katharina Schade, and Mr. Jan-Christoph Düdden as a members of the supervisory board of the Company, effective immediately (see current report no 21/2018);
- on 4 September 2018, the GTC Dutch Holdings B.V appointed Mr. Philippe Couturier as a member of the supervisory board of the Company, effective immediately (see current report no 22/2018);
- on 30 October 2018, Otwarty Fundusz Emerytalny PZU "Złota Jesień" appointed Ryszard Wawryniewicz to the Company's Supervisory Board, effective on 29 October 2018 (see current report no 25/2018);
- on 17 December 2018, Philippe Couturier submitted his resignations from position of a member of the Supervisory Board of the Company with immediate effect. (see current report no 26/2018);
- on 21 December 2018, the GTC Dutch Holdings B.V appointed Mr. Patrick Haerle as a member of the supervisory board of the Company, effective immediately (see current report no 27/2018).

Description of the operations of the supervisory board

The supervisory board acts pursuant to the Polish Commercial Companies Code and also pursuant to the articles of association of the Company and the supervisory board regulations dated 16 May 2017.

Pursuant to the articles of association of the Company, the supervisory board performs constant supervision over activities of the enterprise. Within the scope of its supervisory activities, the supervisory board may demand any information and documents regarding the Company's business from the management board.

Members of the supervisory board are required to take necessary steps to receive regular and full information from the management board regarding material matters concerning the Company's business and risks involved in the business and the strategies of risk management. The supervisory board may (while not infringing the competencies of other bodies of the Company) express their opinion on all the issues related to the Company's business, including forwarding motions and proposals to the management board.

In addition to the matters defined in the Polish Commercial Companies Code the following are the competencies of the supervisory board:

- a) The establishment of remuneration and commissions for the members of the Company's Management Board and representing the Company when executing agreements with Management Board members and in any disputes with Management Board members
- b) Giving consent for the Company or one of its Subsidiaries to execute an agreement or agreements with an Affiliate or with a member of the Company's management board or supervisory board or with a member of the management or supervisory authorities of an Affiliate. Such consent is not be required for transactions with companies in which the Company holds, directly or indirectly, shares entitling it to at least 50% of votes at shareholders' meetings, if such transaction results in obligations of the other shareholders of such companies proportional to their stake in that company, or if the difference between the financial obligations of the Company and the other shareholders does not exceed EUR 5 million. In the articles of association indirect ownership of shares entitling the holder thereof to at least 50% of the votes at a shareholders' meeting means possession of such number of shares that entitles the holder thereof to at least 50% of votes in each of the indirectly held companies in the chain of subsidiaries.
- c) Giving approval to any change of the auditor selected by the Company's management board to audit the Company's financial statements.
- d) Expressing consent for the Company or one of its Subsidiaries to: (i) execute transaction comprising the acquisition or sale of investment assets of any kind the value of which exceeds EUR 30million; (ii) issue a guarantee for an amount exceeding EUR 20 million; or (iii) execute any transaction (in the form of a single legal act or a number of legal acts) other than those set forth in preceding points (i) or (ii) where the value of such transaction exceeds EUR 20 million. For the avoidance of doubt, consent is required for the Company's management board to vote on the Company's behalf at a meeting of the shareholders of a Company's Subsidiary authorizing transactions meeting above criteria.

For the purposes of this competencies and articles of association:

- a) an entity is an "Affiliate", if it is (i) a Dominating Entity with respect to the Company, or (ii) a Subsidiary of the Company; or (iii) a Subsidiary of a Dominating Entity of the Company; or (iv) a Subsidiary of the

Company's Dominating Entity other than the Company's Subsidiary; or (v) a Subsidiary of any member of managing or supervisory authorities of the Company or any of the entities designated in (i) through (iii);

- b) an entity is a "Subsidiary" of any other entity (the "Dominating Entity") if the Dominating Entity: (i) has the right to exercise the majority of votes in the governing bodies of the Subsidiary, including on the basis of understandings with other authorised entities, or (ii) is authorised to take decisions regarding financial policies and current commercial operations of the Subsidiary on the basis of any law, statute or agreement, or (iii) is authorised to appoint or dismiss the majority of members of managing authorities of the Subsidiary, or (iv) more than half of the members of the Subsidiary's management board are also members of the management board or persons performing any management functions at the Dominating Entity or any other Subsidiary.

The supervisory board consists of five to twenty members, including the Chairman of the supervisory board. Each shareholder who holds individually more than 5% of shares in the Company's share capital (the "Initial Threshold") is entitled to appoint one supervisory board member. Shareholders are further entitled to appoint one additional supervisory board member for each block of held shares constituting 5% of the Company's share capital above the Initial Threshold. Supervisory board members are appointed by a written notice of entitled shareholders given to the chairman of the general meeting at the general meeting or outside the general meeting delivered to the management board along with a written statement from the selected person that he/she agrees to be appointed to the supervisory board.

The number of supervisory board members is equal to the number of members appointed by the entitled shareholders, increased by one independent member, provided that in each case such number may not be lower than five.

Under the Company's articles of association, the supervisory board should consist of at least one member meeting the criteria of an independent member of the supervisory board as set out in the corporate governance regulations included in the Best Practices of Warsaw Stock Exchange listed Companies.

The chairman of the supervisory board calls meetings of the supervisory board. The chairman calls meetings of the supervisory board upon the request of a member of the management board or a member of the supervisory board therefore. A meeting of the supervisory board must take place within 14 days of the date of filing a written application therefore with the Chairman.

The supervisory board may convene meetings both within the territory of the Republic of Poland and abroad. Supervisory board meetings may be held via telephone, provided that all the participants thereof are able to communicate simultaneously. All resolutions adopted at such meetings are valid, provided that the attendance register is signed by the supervisory board members who participated in such meeting. The place where the Chairman attends such meeting is considered as the place where the meeting was held.

Unless the articles of association provide otherwise, resolutions of the supervisory board are adopted by absolute majority of votes cast in the presence of at least five supervisory board members. In the event of a tie, the Chairman has a casting vote.

Members of the supervisory board execute their rights and perform their duties in person. Members of the supervisory board may participate in general meetings.

Moreover, within the performance of their duties, the supervisory board is required to:

- a) once a year prepare and present to the general meeting a concise evaluation of the situation of the Company, taking into account the evaluation of the internal control system and the management system of risks that are important for the Company,
- b) once a year prepare and present to the annual general meeting an evaluation of its own performance,
- c) discuss and issue opinions on matters which are to be subject of the resolutions of the general meeting.

Committees of the supervisory board

The supervisory board may appoint committees to investigate certain issues which are in the competence of the supervisory board or to act as advisory and opinion bodies to the supervisory board.

Audit Committee

The supervisory board has appointed the Audit Committee, whose principal task is to make administrative reviews, to exercise financial control, and to oversee financial reporting as well as internal and external audit procedures at the Company and at the companies in its group.

The following table presents the details on the Audit Committee members as at 31 December 2018:

Member	Function	Conforms with independence criteria	Knowledge and skills in the field of accounting or auditing of financial statements	Knowledge and skills in the real estate
Mariusz Grendowicz	Member of the of the audit committee	No	Yes ¹	Yes ¹
Ryszard Koper	Member of the audit committee	Yes	No	No
Marcin Murawski	Chairman of the of the audit committee	Yes	Yes ²	No

¹ Mariusz Grendowicz studied at the University of Gdańsk and then graduated with a degree in banking in the United Kingdom. In 2013 - 2014 he was President and Chief Executive Officer of Polish Investments for Development SA. In 2008-2010, he was President of the Management Board and Chief Executive Officer of BRE Bank SA, and earlier, in 2001- 2006 was a Vice President of Bank BPH SA, responsible for Corporate Banking and Real Estate Division. During his career, he was also President and Deputy President of ABN AMRO in Poland (1997-2001), Deputy President of ING Bank in Hungary (1995-1997) and headed division of structured finance and capital markets in ING Bank in Warsaw (1992-1995). In 1983-1992 Mariusz Grendowicz worked in banks in London, including Australia and New Zealand Banking Group and Citibank

² Marcin Murawski graduated from the Faculty of Management of Warsaw University in 1997. He has also the following certificates: ACCA, ACCA Practicing Certificate, KIBR entitlement, CIA. Since 2012 he has been a member of the supervisory board of CCC S.A. Between 2005 and 2012 Mr Murawski was a director of the internal audit and inspection department at WARTA Group and secretary of the audit committee at TUIR WARTA S.A. and TUNŻ WARTA S.A. Between 1997 and 2005 he worked at PricewaterhouseCoopers Sp. z o.o., as manager of the audit department (2002-2005), senior assistant in the audit department (1999-2001), assistant in the audit department (1997-1999).

In 2018, the Audit Committee meet 4 times in total.

Remuneration Committee

The supervisory board has appointed the Remuneration Committee of the Supervisory Board, which has no decision-making authority and which is responsible for making recommendations to the supervisory board with respect to the remuneration of the members of the management board and the policies for setting such remuneration. As of 31 December 2018, the members of the Remuneration Committee were Alexander Hesse, Marcin Murawski and Mariusz Grendowicz.

Part 12. Audit partner

The recommendation to select the audit firm to audit the financial statements met all the binding legal conditions required in the procedure for selection of the audit firm to audit the financial statements.

The audit firm selected to audit financial statements did not provide any other services for the Company in 2018.

Rules for selection of an independent auditor within an audit firm to audit GTC S.A.'s financial statements, as well as the rules for conducting authorised non-audit services by the audit firm.

On 20 October 2017, the supervisory board of GTC approved the rules for the selection of an independent auditor according to the Act on Registered Auditors, Audit Firms and Public Supervision dated 11th May 2017 which were adopted by the Audit Committee of the Company on 19 October 2017.

The selection of an audit firm to audit and review the financial statements of the Company is the responsibility of the supervisory board. Decisions are taken in the form of an official resolution of the supervisory board, taking into account the prior recommendations of the Audit Committee.

The Audit Committee assesses the independence of the statutory auditor and consents to the provision of authorised non-audit services to the Company. The consent referred to in the preceding sentence can be expressed after the assessment of the independence of the statutory auditor and after obtaining from the statutory auditor a confirmation that the provision of authorised non-audit services will be carried out in accordance with the independence requirements laid down for such services in the rules of professional ethics and standards of performing such services.

Main assumptions of the policy for selecting an audit firm for the purpose of conducting an audit:

- a) the Company's supervisory board selects an audit firm to audit the financial statements. based on the prior recommendation of the Audit Committee of the Supervisory Board. The selection decision is taken in the form of a resolution of the supervisory board.
- b) the Audit Committee, in its recommendation, shall:
 - recommend a preferred audit firm along with a justification of the preference of the Audit Committee;
 - state that the recommendation is free from third-party influence;

- state that the Company has not entered into any agreements containing clauses that restrict the ability of the supervisory board to select an audit firm for the purposes of the audit of the Company's financial statements to certain categories or lists of audit firms; and
 - indicate the proposed remuneration for conducting the audit.
- c) in the event that the selection conducted by the Audit Committee does not refer to the prolongation of the agreement for the purpose of the audit of the Company's financial statements, the recommendation of the Audit Committee must contain at least two options for the selection of an audit firm, along with justifications for each option as well as an explanation of the reasons of the Audit Committee's preferred option.
- d) the Audit Committee shall cooperate with the Company's management board in obtaining, analysing and evaluating the audit offers, and will be assisted by the management board in drafting the respective recommendation.
- e) in the course of the selection procedure, the Supervisory Board and the Audit Committee shall consider:
- the principles of impartiality and independence of the audit firm. This shall include an analysis of other work carried out by the audit firm in the Company that extends beyond the scope of the auditing of the financial statements in order to avoid any conflict of interest;
 - the experience and track record of the audit team in auditing financial statements of similar companies, its competencies and financial criteria;
 - the maximum allowed duration of continuous engagements of statutory audits carried out by the same audit firm under any applicable law;
 - the proposed remuneration for the audit; and
 - the assessment of the relation between the criteria specified in points 2 and 3 above.

Part 13. Diversity policy in terms of the management, supervisory, or administrative bodies of the Company.

The strategic objective of our diversity policy is to recruit and retain such workforce as to ensure delivery of the GTC Group's business objectives. The priority of diversity policy is to build a sense of trust between the management and other employees, and to treat everyone fairly regardless of their position.

The Company's diversity policy is centered on respecting the employees as an element of diversity-oriented culture regardless of gender, age, education and cultural heritage. It includes integrating employees in their workplace and ensuring that all employees are treated equally at work. The Company supports various social initiatives, which promote equal opportunities. Additionally, the Company joins charitable activities initiated by the employees. The principles of equal treatment at the workplace have been reflected in the company's bylaws, which are available to all employees. The Company values its enriched diversity policy in pursuing its goals.